Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04)

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1988, as amended.	port			
Local Government Type City Township Willage Che	Local Government Name Mid-Michigan Library League		County	ord
Audit Date   Opinion Date   9/30/05   10/24/05	Date Accountant Report Su 11/17/05	bmitted to State:		
We have audited the financial statements of the Governments of the Governments of the Governments for Counties and Local University We affirm that:	anneniai Accounting Standams Hoar	d (GASB) and	the Uniform 🗆	Damandina
1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the	Audits of Local Units of Government in	<i>Michigan</i> as rev	rised.	
2. We are certified public accountants register	red to practice in Michigan.			
We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses comments and recommendations	have been disclosed in the financial st	atements, inclu	ding the notes, o	or in the report of
You must check the applicable box for each item	n below.			
Yes V No 1. Certain component uni	ts/funds/agencies of the local unit are ex	xcluded from th	e financial state	ements.
Yes No 2. There are accumulated 275 of 1980).	d deficits in one or more of this unit's	unreserved fun	d balances/retai	ined earnings (P./
Yes No 3. There are instances o amended).	f non-compliance with the Uniform Ac	counting and i	Budgeting Act (I	P.A. 2 of 1968, a
Yes No 4. The local unit has vio requirements, or an ord	lated the conditions of either an orde er issued under the Emergency Municip	r issued under oal Loan Act.	the Municipal	Finance Act or it
Yes No 5. The local unit holds de as amended [MCL 129.	eposits/investments which do not comp 91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [M	oly with statutor ICL 38.1132]).	ry requirements.	(P.A. 20 of 1943
Yes V No 6. The local unit has been	delinquent in distributing tax revenues t	hat were collec	ted for another	taxing unit.
	ated the Constitutional requirement (Au al costs) in the current year. If the plar e normal cost requirement, no contribut	is more than	100% funded as	nd the overfundin
Yes No 8. The local unit uses cre (MCL 129.241).	dit cards and has not adopted an ap	plicable policy	as required by	P.A. 266 of 199
Yes 📝 No 9. The local unit has not ac	dopted an investment policy as required	by P.A. 196 of	1997 (MCL 129	.95).
Ve have enclosed the following:		Enclosed	To Be Forwarded	Not Required
The letter of comments and recommendations.		1		- Noquiros
Reports on individual federal financial assistance	programs (program audits).			1
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).				<b>√</b>
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) Baird, Cotter & Bishop, P.C.				
ireet Address 134 W. Harris Street	City Cadillac		State ZIF	9601
ccountant Signature	Cl4		Date	05

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2005**

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# Baird, Cotter and Bishop, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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JONATHAN E. DAMHOF, C.P.A.
MICHAEL D. COOL, C.P.A.

JOHN H. BISHOP, C.P.A.

October 24, 2005

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Mid-Michigan Library League Board Cadillac, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Mid-Michigan Library League (a library cooperative) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the League's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the Mid-Michigan Library League's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Mid-Michigan Library League as of September 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages ii through v and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 6 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

BAIRD, COTTER AND BISHOP, P.C.

Baird, Cotte & Bishop, P.C

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

Mid Michigan Library League, a Library Cooperative located in Wexford County, Michigan offers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the League for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005 for the benefit of the readers of these financial statements. This management's discussion and analysis is intended to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues and to provide an overview of the League's financial activity.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), according to GASB 34, require the reporting of two types of financial statements: Fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements.

#### A. Fund Financial Statements

The fund level statements are reported on a modified accrual basis in that only those assets that are "measurable" and "currently available" are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources.

### B. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, required by GASB 34, are calculated using full accrual accounting and more closely represent those presented by business and industry. The League's entire assets and liabilities, both short and long-term, are reported. As such, these statements include capital assets, net of related depreciation.

### C. Summary of Net Assets

The Statement of Net Assets is the first statement in the Government-Wide Financial Statements section of this document. This statement is useful for providing an indicator of the League's financial position over time. The Net Assets of the League are \$40,119 at September 30, 2005, meaning the League's assets were greater than its liabilities by this amount. Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. A comparison with the previous fiscal year is presented in order to show the change in Net Assets over the previous fiscal year.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

A	2005	2004
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 80,001	\$ 107,834
Non Current Assets	4	Ψ107,634
Capital Assets	16 700	46 505
Less Accumulated Depreciation	46,782	46,782
Depreciation	(15,305)	(5,949)
Total Non Current Assets	31,477	40.022
		40,833
Total Assets	\$ 111,478	148,667
		170,007
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	\$ 46,830	\$ 74.043
Non Current Liabilities		* ',,,,,
	24,529	31,046
Total Liabilities	71,359	105.000
		105,089
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt	27,163	25.004
Unrestricted		35,024
	12,956	8,554
Total Net Assets	40 110	40.770
·	40,119	43,578
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 111,478	f 140.667
	Ψ 111,4/δ	\$148,667

### D. Analysis of Financial Position

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, the League's net assets decreased by \$3,459. A significant factor affecting net assets during the year is discussed below:

### 1. Depreciation Expense

GASB 34 requires Mid Michigan Library League to maintain a record of annual depreciation expense and the accumulation of depreciation expense over time. The net increase in accumulated depreciation expense is a reduction in net assets.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

Depreciation expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. In accordance with GAAP, depreciation expense is calculated based on the original cost of the asset less an estimated salvage value, where applicable. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, \$9,356 was recorded for depreciation expense.

#### E. Results of Operations

The following table illustrates and summarizes the results of the changes in the net assets for the League. The condensed information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities:

	200	)5	20	004
Revenues	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
Charges for Services Grants State Sources Investment Earnings Other	\$ 40,832 80,608 419,167 1,253 10,418	7.39% 14.60% 75.89% 0.23% 1.89%	\$ 36,402 32,773 434,216 899 7,738	7.10% 6.40% 84.82% 0.17% 1.51%
Total Revenues	552,278	100.00%	512,028	100.00%
Expenses Culture and Recreation	(555,737)		(491,198)	
Change in Net Assets	\$ (3,459)		20,830	

### F. Analysis of Significant Revenues

Significant revenues are discussed in the segments below:

#### 1. State Sources

The majority of the state sources is comprised of direct state aid. The League collected \$246,188 in direct state aid for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2005.

### G. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Uniform Budget Act of the State of Michigan requires that the Board approve the original budget for the upcoming fiscal year prior to its starting on October 1st. Any amendments made to the operating budget must be approved by the Board prior to the close of the year on September 30th.

The following schedule shows a comparison of the original general fund budget, the final amended general fund budget and actual totals from operations:

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
Total Revenues Total Expenditures Other Financing Sources	\$	561,800 (543,000) 0	\$ 551,173 (544,410) 0	\$ 552,278 (577,859) 25,000	\$ 1,105 (33,449) 25,000
Total	\$	18,800	\$ 6,763	\$ (581)	\$ (7,344)

#### H. Capital Assets

At September 30, the League had \$46,782 in capital assets, including equipment and vehicles. Depreciation expense for the year amounted to \$9,356, bringing the accumulated depreciation to \$15,305 as of September 30, 2005.

### I. Factors Bearing on the League's Future

At the time that these financial statements were prepared and audited, the League was aware of the following item that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

The decrease in State Aid anticipated over the coming years.

### J. Contacting the League's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the League's finances and to demonstrate the League's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, please contact Mid Michigan Library League, 210 ½ N. Mitchell Street, Cadillac, MI 49601.

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2005**

ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash	
Due From Other Governments	\$ 71,256
Notes Receivable	8,045
	700
Total Current Assets	80,001
NON CURRENT ASSETS	
Capital Assets	46 792
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	46,782 (15,305)
Total Non Current Assets	
TOTAL ASSETS	31,477
- 0 1.12 1.155110	111,478
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	•
Accounts Payable	
Due To Other Governments	3,663
Accrued Wages	36,787
Accrued Payroll Withholdings	4,503
Current Portion of Long Term Debt	343
Total Current Liabilities	1,534
	46,830
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Compensated Absences	_
Capital Lease Payable	21,749
Less: Current Portion	4,314
- 3-1-3-1	(1,534)
Total Non Current Liabilities	24,529
Total Liabilities	
	71,359
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt	27.162
Unrestricted	27,163 _ 12,956
Total Net Assets	
	<u>\$ 40,119</u>

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

### YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		EXPENSES		PROGRAM CHARGES FOR SERVICES		ENUES GRANTS	-	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General Government Culture and Recreation	\$	555,737	\$	40,832	¢	90.600	·	
GENERAL REVENUES	•	555,757	Ψ	40,032	Φ	80,608	= •	(434,297)
State Sources Investment Earnings								419,167
Other								1,253
Total General Revenues							•	10,418 430,838
Change in Net Assets							-	
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year								(3,459)
NET ASSETS - End of Year							φ-	43,578
							\$ _	40,119

### **GOVERNMENTAL BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND**

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2005**

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash	•	
Due From Other Governments	\$	71,256
Notes Receivable		8,045
		700
TOTAL ASSETS	<b>^</b>	
	<u>\$</u>	80,001
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Accounts Payable	•	
Due To Other Governments	\$	3,663
Accrued Wages		36,787
Accrued Payroll Withholdings		4,503
,		343
Total Liabilities		
		45,296
FUND BALANCE		
Unreserved		
Unrestricted		
		34,705
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	_	
	<u>_\$</u>	80,001

## RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GENERAL FUND TO NET ASSETS

### **SEPTEMBER 30, 2005**

	Total General Fund Balance	\$	34,705
e e	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
_	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the fund		
	The cost of the capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	46,782 (15,305)	31,477
:	Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds		
_	Capital Lease Payable Compensated Absences		(4,314) (21,749)
_	NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	40,119

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

### YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

REVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FINAL BUDGET TO ACTUAL
Federal Grants				
Library Services and Technology Act State Grants	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,608	\$ 80,608	\$ 0
Library State Aid Direct State Aid				
Indirect State Aid	246,900	246,188	246,188	0
Charges for Services	180,400	176,418	172,979	(3,439)
Supply Charges				,
Other Charges	52,500	38,000	37,134	(866)
Interest and Rents	0	0	3,698	3,698
Interest Earnings Other Revenue	1,000	800	1,253	453
Refunds and Reimbursements	0	909	4714	• • • •
Reimbursements from Member Libraries	0	7,500	4,714 4,783	3,805
Miscellaneous	1,000	7,500	4,783 921	(2,717)
		750	721	171
Total Revenues	561,800	551,173	552,278	1,105
EXPENDITURES				
Culture and Recreation				
Personal Services				
Salaries and Wages	222,400	237,210	241,301	(4.004)
Employee Benefits	76,100	65,000	68,613	(4,091)
Supplies	,	03,000	00,013	(3,613)
Office Supplies and Postage	9,500	6,900	6,887	13
General Operating Supplies	11,200	11,772	13,741	(1,969)
Books, Periodicals and Computer Software	3,600	2,150	2,353	(203)
Purchases for Member Libraries	0	2,200	2,434	(234)
Miscellaneous	300	350	33	317
Other Services and Charges				
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	173,500	178,882	176,654	2,228

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

### YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	A COTT 1	VARIANCE FINAL BUDGET
Repair and Maintenance	4,800		ACTUAL	TO ACTUAL
Rental of Building and Equipment	10,000	2,020	1,885	135
Bad Debt Expense		11,066	10,952	114
Other Purchased Services	0	0	834	(834)
Insurance	2.500	4.000		
Communications	2,500	4,200	4,427	(227)
Utilities	4,000	4,200	4,210	(10)
Travel and Workshops	2,400	3,000	3,101	(101)
Dues and Memberships	12,900	6,871	7,959	(1,088)
Director's Search	1,500	1,300	1,497	(197)
Capital Outlay	0	250	250	0
Debt Service	8,300	6,893	3,957	2,936
				•
Principal Interest	0	0	26,495	(26,495)
interest	0	146	276	(130)
Total Expenditures	543,000	544,410	577,859	(33,449)
Excess of Revenues Over (under) Expenditures	18,800	6,763	(25,581)	(32,344)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Loan Proceeds - Line of Credit	0	0	25,000	25,000
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	18,800	6,763	(581)	(7,344)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	35,286	35,286	35,286	0
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 54,086	\$ 42,049	\$ 34,705	(7,344)

# RECONCILIATION OF THE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GENERAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

### YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

Net change in Fund Balance General Fund	\$	(581)
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:	Ψ	(381)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures in the statement of activities. These costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.		
Depreciation Expense		(9,356)
Repayments of principal on debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it is a reduction of liabilities).		26,495
Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds by issuing debt which increases debt in the Statement of Net Assets.		(25,000)
Compensated Absences are reported on the accrual method in the statement of activities, and recorded as an expenditure when financial resources are used in the governmental funds:		
Compensated Absences - Beginning of Year Compensated Absences - End of Year CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u> </u>	26,732 (21,749) (3,459)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Mid-Michigan Library League (League) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The League is a library cooperative formed under Michigan Public Act 89, section 6(a). The League board consists of nine members. Voting member library boards in each member county select one representative to represent the libraries in that county except for member library boards in the counties of Montcalm and Gratiot, who select one representative from the two counties. The League board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the League board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since league board members are elected by member libraries, and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the entity, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic - but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the League and/or its constituents, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the League and is generally available to its constituents. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the League is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no associated organizations included in the League's reporting entity.

### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 34 establishes standards for external financial reporting for state and local governments and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following three net asset categories.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

Invested in Capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, and contributions, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets which do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets are often designated, to indicate that management does not consider them to be available for general operations. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources which are imposed by management, but can be modified or removed.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the League as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The fund financial statements are similar to the financial statements presented in the previous financial reporting model.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the League are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

#### **Accrual Method**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

#### **Modified Accrual Method**

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the League considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

State and federal aid and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Library.

Governmental funds include the following fund type:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the League. It is used to account for all financial resources of the League.

### D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The League has adopted a policy that limits its investments to investments authorized by Act 20 of 1943, as amended, and may invest in the following:

- i. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- ii. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository of a financial institution.
- iii. Commercial paper rated at time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- iv. Repurchase agreements consisting of instruments listed in (i).
- v. Banker's acceptances of United States banks.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

- vi. Obligations of this state or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated investment grade by not less than one standard rating service.
- vii. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, title I of chapter 686, 54 Stat. 789 15 U.S.C. 80a-3 and 80a-4 to 80a-64, with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by the League. This authorization is limited to securities whose intention is to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- viii. Investment pools through an interlocal agreement under the Urban Cooperation Act of 1967, 1967 (Ex Sess) PA 7, MCL 124.512.
- ix. Investment pools organized under the Surplus Funds Investment Pool Act, 1982 PA 367, 129.118.

#### 2. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Equipment	5 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years
Vehicles	10 years

#### 3. Compensated Absences

It is the League's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### 4. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets.

#### 5. Fund Balance

In the financial statements, the unreserved fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount available for budgeting future operations. Reservations of fund balance are for amounts that

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### 6. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

The League follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The director of the League annually prepares an operating budget taking into consideration the recommendations of the advisory council. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. The budget is approved by the League board prior to the start of the fiscal year which it covers.
- 3. All transfers of budget amounts between accounts within the General Fund must be approved by the League board.
- 4. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the League board.
- 5. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- 6. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the League because, at present, it is not considered necessary to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

### A. Deposits and Investments - Credit Risk

The League's deposits and investments are all on deposit with Fifth Third Bank within the State of Michigan.

The League does not have a formal investment policy that addresses investment rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk or custodial credit risk.

#### **Deposits**

At year-end, the carrying amount of the League's deposits was \$71,256. The bank balance was \$90,263, which was fully covered by federal depository insurance.

### **B.** Due from Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments of \$8,045 are for reimbursements from member libraries for supplies and materials and grant money yet to be received. Substantially all of these receivables are expected to be collected within sixty days of the balance sheet date.

#### Capital Assets

A summary of changes in the League's capital assets follows:

Conital assets		Balance October 1, 2004	 Additions	Deletions	Balance September 30, 2005
Capital assets: Equipment	\$	46,782	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 46,782
Accumulated Depreciation	•	(5,949)	(9,356)	 0	(15,305)
Net capital assets	\$_	40,833	\$ (9,356)	\$ 0	\$ 31,477

### D. Short-Term Debt

The League secured a line of credit for \$25,000 on May 2, 2005 to be used for general administrative expenses throughout the year. The Principal sum outstanding carries an interest rate that varies based on the prime rate. The outstanding principal is due by May 5, 2006 and the interest is payable on the 5<sup>th</sup> day of each month. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2005 was \$0.

A summary of the Short-Term Debt transactions for the League for the year ended September 30, 2005, is as follows:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

	LINE OF CREDIT
Short-Term Debt at October 1, 2004 New Liabilities Liabilities Retired	\$ 0 25,000 (25,000)
Short-Term Debt at September 30, 2005	\$ 0

#### E. Long-Term Debt

A summary of the Long-Term Debt transactions for the League for the year ended September 30, 2005, is as follows:

	-	COMPENSATED ABSENCES		
Long-Term Debt at October 1, 2004 Liabilities Increase (Decrease) Liabilities Retired or Classified as Current	\$	4,314 0 (1,534)	\$	26,732 (4,983) 0
Long-Term Debt at September 30, 2005	\$ _	2,780	\$	21,749

### F. Compensated Absences Liability

Employees of the Mid-Michigan Library League are entitled to paid vacation and paid sick days depending on job classification, length of service and other factors. At September 30, 2005, the accrued expense for compensated absences was \$21,749.

### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

### A. Building Lease

Starting May 1, 2004, the League entered into a 24-month operating lease for a portion of a building in downtown Cadillac, Michigan for \$800 per month for the first year and \$850 per month for the second year. The total cost for the lease was \$9,800 for the year ended September 30, 2005. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,

2006 \$ 6,800

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

#### B. Leases

Operating Lease - The League leases a postage machine under a noncancelable operating lease. The total cost for the lease was \$288 for the year ended September 30, 2005. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,

2006	\$ 1,152
2007	1,152
2008	1,152
2009	864
	\$ 4,320

Capital Lease - The League has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of an all in one copier/fax/printer. A \$1 purchase option exists at the end of the lease. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes. The assets acquired through the lease are as follows:

ASSETS Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	AMOUNT \$ 6,504 (1,734)
TOTAL	\$4,770_

The future minimum lease obligations of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2005 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		In	terest	Total		
2006 2007 2008	\$	1,534 1,573 1,207	\$	92 53 12	\$	1,626 1,626 1,219	
Total minimum lease payments	\$	4,314	\$	157	\$	4,471	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

#### C. Retirement Commitments

The League's participates in an agent multi-employer defined benefit pension plan with the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS), administered by the State of Michigan for coverage of substantially all of the League's general employees.

Plan Description. Substantially all full-time employees of the League are members of the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan (MERS) which provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS is an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the State of Michigan. Act No. 427 of the Public Acts of 1984, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plans that participate in MERS to the respective employer entities. In this case, the authority rests with the League. The MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes statements and required supplementary information for MERS. That report may be obtained by writing to The Retirement Board, Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, MI 48917.

Funding Policy. MERS members are not required to make any contributions to the plan. The League is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 7.21% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the League are established and may be amended by the MERS board of trustees.

Annual Pension Cost. The required contribution was most recently determined as part of the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation using the entry-age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions include (a) investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and (b) projected salary increases. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. Positive unfunded accrued liability (if any) is amortized as a level percentage of payroll over a closed period of 30 years, while negative unfunded liability (if any) is amortized as a level percentage of payroll over a closed period of 10 years.

#### D. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the League to a concentration of credit risks consist principally of receivables from member libraries. Even though no one member library accounts for a significant portion of this receivable, they are all heavily reliant on state and local revenues. During this period of governmental budget cutting, there is a potential risk that some member libraries could lose significant revenue sources, causing them to default on their obligations to the League. No provision for uncollectible accounts has been made.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

#### E. Risk Management

The League is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The League participates in two distinct pools of municipalities within the State of Michigan for self-insuring property and casualty and workers' disability compensation. The pools are considered public entity risk pools. The League pays annual premiums to each pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event a pool member's covered loss exceeds the pools limits, all further payments become the sole obligation of the member. The League has not been notified of any shortfalls in the pools in the current year or the prior three years.

#### F. Subsequent Event

On October 5, 2005, the League incurred debt to pay off a substantial portion of the amount owed to the Cadillac Wexford Public Library; \$30,000 due in monthly installments of \$598 through October 5, 2010; interest at 7.50 percent.

134 WEST HARRIS STREET CADILLAC, MICHIGAN 49601 231-775-9789 FAX: 231-775-9749

M. WAYNE BEATTIE, C.P.A. 1902 - 1990 JACK H. BAIRD, C.P.A. JERRY L. COTTER, C.P.A. DALE D. COTTER, C.P.A.

# Baird, Cotter and Bishop, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JOHN H. BISHOP, C.P.A.

ROBERT V. BEATTIE, C.P.A.

DOUGLAS P. McMULLEN, C.P.A.

JOHN F. TAYLOR, C.P.A.

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SCOTT A. HUNTER, C.P.A.

JONATHAN E. DAMHOF, C.P.A.

MICHAEL D. COOL, C.P.A.

October 24, 2005

Mid-Michigan Library League Cadillac, Michigan

Dear Members of the Board:

During our examination of the financial statements of the Mid-Michigan Library League for the year ended September 30, 2005, we noted the following items which we believe should be considered by the management of the League:

### Amounts Owed to Cadillac-Wexford Public Library

Currently, the League owes the Cadillac-Wexford Public Library approximately \$36,787. This is down from \$59,968 from the prior year. As of October 5, 2005, the League took out a loan to pay the majority of the balance off.

#### **Investment Policy**

The League has not established an investment policy for its deposits with financial institutions and investments that address credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk. This is needed for disclosures under GASB No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures.

#### **Budgeting**

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund. State law requires that the League amend its budget before expending any funds in excess of original appropriations.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank the Board for awarding this firm the audit assignment of the League, and the management for their assistance in helping us fulfill this audit assignment. If you have any questions relative to the preceding comments and recommendations or other areas of your annual audit, please feel free to contact us.

BAIRD, COTTER AND BISHOP, P.C.

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

October 24, 2005

#### LETTER OF REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

JOHN H. BISHOP, C.P.A.

ROBERT V. BEATTIE, C.P.A.

DOUGLAS P. McMULLEN, C.P.A.

JONATHAN E. DAMHOF, C.P.A.

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JOHN F. TAYLOR, C.P.A. STEVEN C. ARENDS, C.P.A. SCOTT A. HUNTER., C.P.A.

Mid Michigan Library League Cadillac, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the Mid Michigan Library League for the year ended September 30, 2005, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure. However, we noted certain matters that we consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the organization's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the basic financial statements.

1. The relatively small number of people involved in the accounting functions of the League make it difficult to adequately segregate duties. Segregation of accounting duties is a fundamental method of strengthening internal control. However, in deciding what internal control procedures should be implemented, the Board must consider the costs of implementing them and weigh those costs against the benefits to be derived from their implementation.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, we believe all of the reportable conditions described above are material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and others within the organization. This restriction is not intended to limit the distribution of the report, which is a matter of public record.

BAIRD, COTTER AND BISHOP, P.C.

Baird, Cotte & Bishop, P.C